

Flags

00-10 User Flags	48 Alpha Mode
11 Auto Execute	49 Low Battery Power
12 Print Double-wide	50 Message
13 Print Lowercase	51 Two-Line Message
15-16 Print Mode	52 Program-Entry Mode
19-20 General Use	53 INPUT
21 Printer Enable	55 Printer Existence
22 Numeric Input	56 Linear Model
23 Alpha Input	57 Logarithmic Model
24 Ignore Range Errors	58 Exponential Model
25 Ignore Next Error	59 Power Model
26 Beeper Enable	60 AllΣ Mode
27 CUSTOM Menu	61 Log Model Invalid
28 Radix Mark Period	62 Exp Model Invalid
29 Digit Separators	63 Pwr Model Invalid
30 Stack Lift Disable	65 Matrix Editor In Use
34-35 AGRAPH Control	66 Grow Mode
36-39 Number of Digits	68-71 Base Mode
40-41 Display Format	72 Local-Label Mode
42 Grads Mode	73 Polar Mode
43 Radians Mode	74 Real-Result Only
44 Continuous On	75 MENU
45 Solving	76 Edge Wrap
46 Integrating	77 End Wrap
47 Variable Menu	81-99 User Flags

Flags 36-80 cannot be altered with SF, CF, FS?C, or FC?C.

The HP-42S Quick Reference Guide

by

TWENTYEIGHTH STREET PUBLISHING
912 NW 28th Street, Corvallis, Oregon 97330-4428

© Copyright 1988 Dex Smith. All rights reserved.

HP Part No. 92222E

Printed in U.S.A. October 1988

HP-42S

Quick Reference Guide

Contents

Using Menus	1	The Solver	10
Memory	2	Numerical Integration	11
Data Types	4	Matrix Operations	12
Modes	5	Statistics	13
Display Contrast	5	Base Conversions	14
Executing Functions & Programs	6	HP-42S Functions	15
Programming	8	Using the ALPHA Menu	19
Using a Variable Menu	9	Flags	20

Using Menus

A menu redefines the top row of keys by displaying a menu label above each key. If the current menu has more than six labels, ▼▲ is displayed indicating that the ▼ and ▲ keys can be used to display the additional rows of the menu.

Application Menus

[BASE] [MATRIX] [SOLVER] [STAT] [/f(x)]

When you select an application menu, all other menus are automatically exited. Within an application, you can select and use any function menu (below).

Function Menus

CATALOG **CLEAR** **CONVERT** **CUSTOM**
DISP **FLAGS** **MODES** **PGM.FCN**
PRINT **PROB** **TOP.FCN**

Function menus (except for CUSTOM) automatically exit as soon as you press a menu key. To prevent automatic exiting, select the menu twice.

Memory

The Stack

The stack is a workspace for calculations. Each stack register may contain any type of data.

T	
Z	
Y	
X	

Last X

The Alpha Register

Up to 44 characters

Flags (00-99)

Listed on the back cover

Available Memory

The HP-42S has 8,192 bytes of RAM. After initializing the items in system memory (such as the stack, the Alpha register, and the flags), there's about 7,200 bytes available for your programs and variables. The storage register matrix (*RECS*) occupies part of this user memory.

[CATALOG] [MEM] displays the amount of unused memory. To increase available memory, use the CLP (*clear program*) and CLV (*clear variable*) functions to clear items that are no longer needed.

Variables

A variable is a named storage location that may contain any type of data. For example, to store a copy of the X-register into a new variable named ABC, press:

[STO] [ENTER] ABC [ENTER]

Variable names can be up to seven characters long.

Note: the variable name *RECS* is reserved for the storage register matrix (shown on the next page).

Using the ALPHA Menu

To type an Alpha string into the Alpha register:

1. Press **[ALPHA]** to select the ALPHA menu.
2. Optional: press **[ENTER]** to turn on the cursor (in Program-entry mode, inserts the **I** symbol).
3. Type the string using the characters shown below. Use **[shift]** to type lowercase letters.
4. Press **[EXIT]** or **[ENTER]**.

Also see "Alpha Parameters" on page 7.

Characters in the ALPHA Menu

ABCDE	A	B	C	D	E
	À	Á	É		
FGHI	F	G	H	I	
JKLM	J	K	L	M	
NOPQ	N	O	P	Q	
	Ñ	Ó			
RSTUV	R	S	T	U	V
				Ü	
WXYZ	W	X	Y	Z	
▼ ▲					
< > <>	<	>	[]	{} { }	
↑ ↓ ← →	↑	↓	←	→	
< = >	=	≠	<	>	≤ ≥
MATH	Σ	∫	∫	Δ	π
PUNC	,	;	:	!	?
	...	-	^	'	“”
MISC	\$	*	#	/	■
	£	€	¤	~	

You can also use the following keys to type characters:

[%, **[π]**, **[E]**, **[+]**, **[−]**, **[×]**, **[÷]**, **[¹/₂]**, and **[0] - [9]**

CLMENU Clear the programmable MENU.
CLP Clear program.
CLRG Clear registers.
CLST Clear stack.
CLV Clear variable.
CLX Clear X-register.
CLS Clear summation registers.
COMB Combinations.
COMPLEX Complex.
CORR Correlation.
COS Cosine.
COSH Hyperbolic cosine.
CPXRES Complex-result enable.
CPX? Complex test.
CROSS Cross product.
CUSTOM CUSTOM menu.
DECIM Decimal mode.
DEG Degrees mode.
DEL Delete program lines.
DELAY Printer delay time.
DELR Delete matrix row.
DET Determinant.
DIM Dimension matrix.
DIM? Dimensions of matrix in X-register.
DOT Dot product.
DSE Decrement, skip if less than or equal to zero.
EDIT Edit matrix in X-register.
EDITN Edit named matrix.
END End of a program.
ENG Engineering display format.
ENTER Enter.

Page 16

EXITALL Exit all menus.
EXPF Exponential fit model.
E^x e^x.
E^x-1 e^x-1.
FC? Flag clear test.
FC?C Flag clear test, clear.
FCSTX Forecast x-value.
FCSTY Forecast y-value.
FIX Fixed-decimal display format.
FNRM Frobenius norm.
FP Fractional part.
FS? Flag set test.
FS?C Flag set test, clear.
GAMMA Gamma.
GETKEY Get key code.
GETM Get matrix.
GRAD Grads mode.
GROW Grow mode.
GTO Go to.
HEXM Hexadecimal mode.
HMS+ Hours-minutes-second add.
HMS- Hours-minutes-seconds subtract.
I+ I increment (next row).
I- I decrement (prev row).
INDEX Index matrix.
INPUT Input.
INSR Insert row.
INTEG Integrate.
INVRT Invert matrix.
IP Integer part.
ISG Increment, skip if greater.
J+ J increment (next column).
J- J decrement (previous column).

Page 16

[CLEAR] CLS
Next, clear the summation registers:

or **[STAT]** ▲ RLL to use all 13 coefficients.

First, set the appropriate summation mode:

ZREC does not move the data in the registers.
change the location of the first summation register.
summation register is R11. Use the ZREC function to
storage registers (see page 3). Initially, the first
Statistical data is accumulated into 6 or 13 sequential
storage registers (see page 3). Initially, the first

Statistics

Use the Matrix Editor keys to view the results.
6. Press MAT_x to calculate the solution matrix.
5. Press MAT_B; fill the matrix; press EXIT.
4. Press MAT_A; fill the matrix; press EXIT.
3. Optional: If your equations involve complex numbers, make MAT_A and/or MAT_B complex matrix variables MAT_A, MAT_B, and MAT_x.
2. Key in the number of unknowns. The calcula-
tor automatically creates or redimension the
matrix SIMO. SIMO.
1. Press [MATRIX] SIMO.

To solve a system of simultaneous linear equations represented by the matrix equation AX = B:

or 0 [ENTER] [COMPLEX] STO + name

0 [ENTER] [COMPLEX] +

adding 0 + i0 to it:

Therefore, you can make any matrix complex by

Modes

Angles and Coordinates (MODES)

DEC Degrees.
RAD Radians.
GRAD Grads.
RECT Rectangular coordinates.
POLAR Polar coordinates.

Other (MODES)

SIZE Sets the number of storage registers.
QUIET Disables the beeper.
CPXRES Complex-result enable.
REALRES Real results only.
KEYASN Key Assignments; for the CUSTOM menu.
LCLBL Local Labels; for the CUSTOM menu.

Display Formats (DISP)

FIX Fixed-Decimal.
SCI Scientific notation.
ENG Engineering notation.
RDX. Radix Period.
RDX, Radix Comma.

Printing (PRINT)

PRON Printing On (sets flags 21 and 55).
PROFF Printing Off (clears flags 21 and 55).
MAN Manual (for printing results).
NORM Normal (for printing inputs and results).
TRACE Trace (for printing all operations).

Additional modes are described under "Matrix Operations" and "Statistics."

Display Contrast

To darken the display: Press + while holding [EXIT].

To lighten the display: Press - while holding [EXIT].

Page 5

Page 16

Page 5

Page 16

Page 5

Executing Functions & Programs

Any function or program can be executed with:

[XEQ] [ENTER] name [ENTER]

where *name* is a function name or program label. If *name* is not unique, the global label closest to the permanent end (.END.) has precedence.

If *name* is a local Alpha label, the calculator searches only the current program. (Local numeric labels in the current program are executed with **[XEQ] nn.**)

Short Cuts

The **CUSTOM** menu. CUSTOM has room for 18 assignments. Pressing a menu key in the CUSTOM menu is equivalent to using the XEQ function as described above where the characters assigned to the CUSTOM menu key take the place of *name*.

Smart Program Catalog. The XEQ function automatically displays the program catalog. Specify *name* by pressing the corresponding menu key.

Single Stepping. To execute the next single program instruction (at the current program line), press **[SST]** (or **[]** if no menu is displayed).

The Run/Stop Key. Pressing **[R/S]** runs the current program (beginning at the current line) or stops a program after the current instruction is complete.

The Function Catalog. To display a menu containing all HP-42S functions, press **[CATALOG] FCN**.

Specifying Function Parameters

Numeric Parameters. Functions that accept numeric parameters prompt you with a cursor for each digit expected. For example, the STO function prompts with **STO** **__** and accepts a two-digit register number.

Page 6

When the BASE menu is displayed, the following keys are temporarily redefined with these integer functions:

[]	BASE+/-	36-bit 2's complement.
[]	BASE÷	36-bit integer divide.
[]	BASE×	36-bit integer multiply.
[]	BASE-	36-bit integer subtract.
[]	BASE+	36-bit integer add.

Bits are numbered from right to left beginning with 0. Bit 35 (the most significant bit) is the sign bit. Negative numbers are represented in 2's complement form. Nondecimal numbers longer than 36 bits are displayed as **<Too Big>**.

HP-42S Functions

ABS	<i>Absolute value.</i>
ACOS	<i>Arc cosine.</i>
ACOSH	<i>Arc hyperbolic cosine.</i>
ADV	<i>Advance paper.</i>
AGRAPH	<i>Alpha graphics.</i>
AIP	<i>Alpha integer part.</i>
ALENG	<i>Alpha length.</i>
ALL	<i>All display format.</i>
ALLΣ	<i>AllΣ mode (13 summation registers).</i>
AND	<i>Logical AND.</i>
AOFF	<i>Alpha off.</i>
AON	<i>Alpha on.</i>
ARCL	<i>Alpha recall.</i>
AROT	<i>Alpha rotate.</i>
ASHF	<i>Alpha shift.</i>
ASIN	<i>Arc sine.</i>
ASINH	<i>Arc hyperbolic sine.</i>
ASSIGN	<i>Assign CUSTOM menu key.</i>
ASTO	<i>Alpha store.</i>
ATAN	<i>Arc tangent.</i>
ATANH	<i>Arc hyperbolic tangent.</i>
ATOX	<i>Alpha to X.</i>
AVIEW	<i>Alpha view.</i>
BASE+	<i>Base add.</i>
BASE-	<i>Base subtract.</i>
BASE×	<i>Base multiply.</i>
BASE÷	<i>Base divide.</i>
BASE+/-	<i>Base change sign (2's complement).</i>
BEEP	<i>Beep.</i>
BEST	<i>Best fit model.</i>
BINM	<i>Binary mode.</i>
BIT?	<i>Bit test (x^h bit of y).</i>
BST	<i>Back step.</i>
CF	<i>Clear flag.</i>
CLA	<i>Clear Alpha register.</i>
CLALL	<i>Clear all memory.</i>
CLD	<i>Clear display.</i>
CLKEYS	<i>Clear CUSTOM menu keys.</i>
CLLCD	<i>Clear LCD.</i>

Page 15

Page 7

Page 14

• Of, all 36 bits of a binary number.

full-precision decimal form.

• A hexadecimal, decimal, or octal number in

Press and hold **[SHOW]** to display:

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

Real numbers are displayed according to the current

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu

base mode (Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, or Binary).

You can change the base mode using the BASE menu